Eureka Math: CASIO Technology Instructions





Module 2: The concept of congruence

Part A - Scientific notation

Scientific notation is used to display very large numbers or very small numbers. To enter a number in scientific notation use () and the x10^x.

 $(3 \cdot 14 \times 10^{2} 4) =$

(3.14×104) Math A 31400

Addition and subtraction with scientific notation are similar to other real numbers. Use () to separate the numbers.

(3 · 1 4 ×10^x 3) + (

 $7 \cdot 2 \times 10^{2} 4) =$

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Multiplication and division are similar to addition and subtraction.
Remember to always use the ().

| K2.7×I03)×(-5.3×▶ |
|----------------------------------|
| 4 03)×(-5.3× 0-4) |
| (2.7×103)×(-5.3×) - 1431 |
| (2.7×103)×(-5.3×Þ |
| -1.431 (2.7×104) (3.6×102) |
| (2.7×104)÷(3.6×10► |
| 4 7×104)÷(3.6×102) |
| (2.7×104)÷(3.6×10Þ |
| 75 |

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1:MthIO 2:LineÌO 3:De9 4:Rad You must change SETUP to display 6:Fix 5:Gra solutions in scientific notation. For <u>7:</u>8ci 8:Norm this example, we will use 4 to display Sci 0~9? 4 digits in our answers. SHIFT MODE 7 4 7 8 X 5 6 9 SCIMath ▲ 87= 78×56987 4.445×10^{6} To return to normal display mode Math ▲ 78×56987 press. SHIFT MODE 8 1 4444986