






## **Unit 6: Lesson 3 – What a Point in a Scatter Plot Means**

### **Activity 3.3: Coat Sales**

- Skills:** 1.) Use the Statistics app to create a scatter plot on [www.ClassPad.net](http://www.ClassPad.net).  
 2.) Use Unit Conversions on the Calculate app to convert between °C and °F.

#### **Activity Summary:**

Students are asked to interpret information from a scatter plot of average daily temperature for a month to coat sales in dollars. They need to be able to determine the context of a given point and also understand when extrapolated information from a scatter plot does not make sense. The Statistics app on the calculator can be used to create a QR Code to view a scatter plot on [www.ClassPad.net](http://www.ClassPad.net). The calculator can also be used to convert a temperature in °C to °F.

1. Turn on the calculator with the  - On button. Press  – Home and then use the arrows to highlight the <b>Statistics</b> app.	
2. Press either  or  to open the <b>Statistics</b> app. To enter the data given for temperature and coat sales, press the down arrow, , to highlight <b>2-Variable</b> .	
3. Press either  or  to select. In the “x” column, enter the <b>average monthly temperature</b> in Celsius and in the “y” column, the corresponding <b>coat sales in dollars</b> for that month.	
4. To enter a <b>negative value</b> for temperature, press  then  before entering the digit for a <b>negative sign</b> .	
5. Press either  or  to enter a value and move down to enter the next value. If a <b>subtraction sign</b> is entered by mistake, the calculator will <b>auto-correct</b> to a <b>negative sign</b> once entered. Note the difference between -5 and -3 to the right.	

6. Press either **OK** or **EXE** to enter and move down to enter the next value. Notice that both negative values are shown with **negative signs**.

	x	y
1	-5	0
2	-3	0
3		
4		

7. Enter the remaining values of average monthly temperature for each month. Press either **OK** or **EXE** after each entry to move down to enter the next value.

	x	y
10	11	0
11	6	0
12	-2	0
13		

8. To quickly move to the top to enter the coat sales in dollars for each month, press the **down arrow**, **⏴**, to return to the **top value** and then the **left arrow**, **⏴**, to move to the **"y"** column.

	x	y
1	-5	
2	-3	0
3	3	0
4	8	0

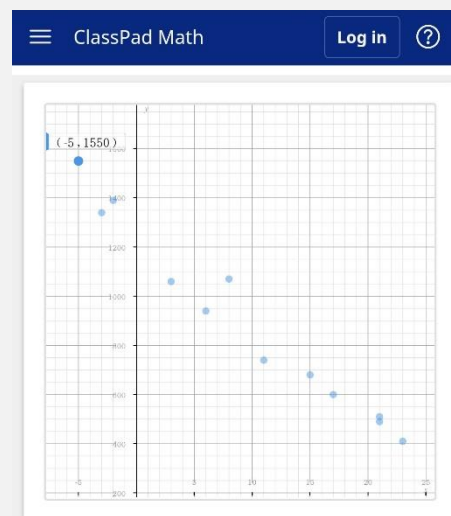
9. Enter the corresponding coat sales in dollars for each month. Press either **OK** or **EXE** after each entry to move down to enter the next value.



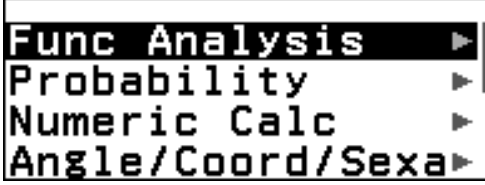
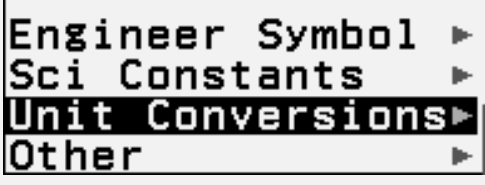


	x	y
10	11	740
11	6	940
12	-2	1390
13		

10. To view a **scatter plot** of the **data table**, first obtain the **QR Code**, press **⏴**, **⏴** and then **scan** with an **internet enabled device**.



11. The **ClassPad.net** page will open on the device, as shown on the right.
12. To view the **coordinates** of any point in the Scatter Plot, click on the point and a **label** will be added as demonstrated with the point representing the month with the lowest average temperature.
13. **The Scatter Plot** can now be used to answer the tasks in the Activity.



<p>14. The last task in this activity asks students to use the trend of the scatter plot to estimate the sales when the average monthly temperature is <b>60°C</b>. To convert to °F, press <math>\odot</math> – <b>Home</b> and then use the <b>arrow keys</b> to highlight the <b>Calculate</b> app in the top left corner.</p>	
<p>15. Press either <math>\odot</math> or <math>\text{EXE}</math> to select and then enter <b>60</b>.</p>	
<p>16. To complete a <b>unit conversion</b>, press <math>\odot</math> – <b>CATALOG</b>.</p>	
<p>17. <b>Unit Conversions</b> is near the bottom of the menu, so press the <b>up arrow</b>, <math>\wedge</math>, to quickly go to the bottom. Press the <b>up arrow</b> again to highlight <b>Unit Conversions</b>.</p>	
<p>18. Press either <math>\odot</math>, <math>\text{EXE}</math>, or <math>\triangleright</math> to view the <b>Unit Conversions</b> menu. <b>Temperature</b> is at the bottom of the menu, so press the <b>up arrow</b>, <math>\wedge</math>, to quickly go to <b>Temperature</b> at the bottom.</p>	
<p>19. Press either <math>\odot</math>, <math>\text{EXE}</math>, or <math>\triangleright</math> to view the <b>Unit Conversions</b> menu. Press the <b>right arrow</b>, <math>\triangleright</math>, to highlight <b>°C <math>\blacktriangleright</math> °F</b>.</p>	
<p>20. Press either <math>\odot</math> or <math>\text{EXE}</math> to place after the <b>60</b>. Press either <math>\odot</math> or <math>\text{EXE}</math> again to perform the conversion. The trend graph at this temperature is not applicable as <b>140°F</b> is beyond temperatures obtained on earth.</p>	